Create your own templates for viewing pages in the plugin.

Templates are stored in the Views folder. SupportPro uses the and all templates should have a .twig file extension. For guidance on functions available within templates, please refer to the documentation.

Templates used to show pages in the operator panel should start by extending the operator index template (parent\_template), and it can also set the page title by using the title block. The content block is where you put what you wish to display. Below is an example template which makes uses of all these components.

Views/settings.twig

{% extends parent\_template %}{% block title %} {{ Lang.get('
Plugins#HelloWorld::lang.hello\_world') }}{% endblock %}{% block
content %} Your HTML here{% endblock %}

Most commonly you will just need the title and content blocks, but other blocks are available to set or fill other parts of the page. A full list of available blocks:

| Block name | Description                           |  |
|------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| meta       | Additional <meta/> tags for the page. |  |

| title                                 | Sets the page title.   |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| scripts_header                        | Used to add any additional CSS or other assets that she  |
|                                       | should be loaded in the scripts_footer block.  |
| header                                | Can be used to replace or extend the page header (nav  |
| sidebar                               | Lets you add a sidebar, to the left of the content block.  |
| precontent                            | Inserts data before the main content <div> attribute.</div>  |
| description                           | Adds a description below the page title.   |
| content                               | The page content.  |
| scripts_footer<br>The template can be | Used to add any additional CSS, JS, jQuery or other as<br>returned from a controller method using: |

TemplateView::operator('Plugins#HelloWorld::settings');

Templates used to show pages in the frontend should start by extending the frontend index template (parent\_template), and it can also set the page title by using the title block. The content block is where you put what you wish to display. Below is an example template which makes uses of all these components.

## Views/frontend.twig

{% extends parent\_template %}{% block title %} {{ Lang.get('
Plugins#HelloWorld::lang.hello\_world') }}{% endblock %}{% block
content %} Your HTML here{% endblock %}

Most commonly you will just need the title and content blocks, but other blocks are available to set or fill other parts of the page. A full list of available blocks:

| Block name               | Description   |
|--------------------------|---|
| title                    | Sets the page title.  |
| meta                     | Additional <meta/> tags for the page.   |
| scripts_header           | Used to add any additional CSS or other assets that sho should be loaded in the scripts_footer block. |
| header                   | Can be used to replace or extend the page header (nav   |
| precontent<br>breadcrumb | Inserts data before the main content <div> attribute.</div>   |

Online URL: <u>https://docs.supportpro.vn/article/plugin-development-views-211.html</u>